

United States Patent and Trademark Office

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE United States Patent and Trademark Office Address: COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS P.O. Box 1450 Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1450 www.uspto.gov

APPLICATION NO. FIRST NAMED INVENTOR ATTORNEY DOCKET NO. CONFIRMATION NO. FILING DATE 5951 11/15/2001 Kristian E. Johnsgard 14912.832 09/998,801 EXAMINER 21971 01/12/2006 WILSON SONSINI GOODRICH & ROSATI FASTOVSKY, LEONID M 650 PAGE MILL ROAD PAPER NUMBER ART UNIT PALO ALTO, CA 94304-1050

3742 DATE MAILED: 01/12/2006

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

		ϵ
Office Action Summary	Application No.	Applicant(s)
	09/998,801	JOHNSGARD ET AL.
	Examiner	Art Unit
	Leonid M. Fastovsky	3742
The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply	ears on the cover sheet with	h the correspondence address
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DA - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period w - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUNIC 36(a). In no event, however, may a rep vill apply and will expire SIX (6) MONT , cause the application to become ABA	ATION. bly be timely filed HS from the mailing date of this communication. NDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).
Status	·	
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>21 October 2005</u> .		
2a) This action is FINAL . 2b) This action is non-final.		
3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is		
closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.		
Disposition of Claims		
4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>15-27 and 36-52</u> is/are pending in the application.		
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.		
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.		
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>15-27 and 36-52</u> is/are rejected.		
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.		
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.		
Application Papers		
9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner.		
10) \boxtimes The drawing(s) filed on <u>15 November 2001</u> is/are: a) \boxtimes accepted or b) \square objected to by the Examiner.		
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).		
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).		
11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.		
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119		
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign a) All b) Some * c) None of:	priority under 35 U.S.C. §	119(a)-(d) or (f).
 Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. 		
2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No		
3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage		
application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).		
* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.		
Attachment(s)		
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)		mmary (PTO-413)
 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date 20051021. 		Mail Date ormal Patent Application (PTO-152)

Application/Control Number: 09/998,801 Page 2

Art Unit: 3742

DETAILED ACTION

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

1. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

- (b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.
- 2. Claims 15, 36, 44 and 48 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Parkhe (5,909,355).

Parkhe teaches a resistive heater comprising a doped ceramic heating element 212 and inherently undoped ceramic material 206 encased at least a portion of the doped ceramic heating element, wherein the coefficient of thermal expansion of the doped ceramic heating element 212 is substantially the same as the coefficient of thermal expansion of the undoped ceramic material 206 (col. 3, lines 25-63).

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 3. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 4. Claims 18 and 23-24 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Parkhe in view of Hierholtzer et al (4,328,5290).

Application/Control Number: 09/998,801

Art Unit: 3742

Prkhe discloses substantially the claimed invention, but does not disclose that the heating element comprises silicon nitride, and one of boron or arsenic. Hierholzer discloses a doped ceramic heater comprising silicon carbide 1, boron and arsenic (col. 3, lines 30-42, col. 5, lines 36-49). It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art to modify Parkhe's invention to include silicon carbide, boron and arsenic as taught by Hierholzer in order to vary resistivity of the heater.

Page 3

5. Claim 18 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Parkhe in view of Hierholzer and further in view of Friese (6.582,669).

Parkhe in view of Heirholzer discloses substantially the claimed invention, but does not disclose concentration of nitrogen Friese discloses a method of producing a ceramic heater with a concentration of nitrogen in the range 1300-2800 ppm (col. 6, lines 40-46). It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art to modify the invention of Parkhe in view of Hierholzer to include concentration of nitrogen as taught by Frise in order to avoid a potential swelling of the heater (col. 6, lines 35-42).

6. Claims 19-22, 27, 36-43, 45-52 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Parkhe in view of Hierholzer and further in view of Mugaresh (5,994,662).

Parkhe in view of Heirholzer discloses substantially the claimed invention, but does not disclose susceptor with pins, holes and a second doped ceramic heating element.

Muguresh discloses a a wafer (Fig. 1-18) comprising a substrate-susceptor support assembly 230 (Fig. 11) and lift pin holes 240 for support of the susceptor 230.

Application/Control Number: 09/998,801

Page 4

Art Unit: 3742

It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art to modify the invention of Parkhe in view of Hierholzer to include a susceptor with pins and holes as taught by Muguresh in order to process the wafer, and also add a second doped ceramic heating element as a choice the would have been determined by the user having a desired result in mind.

7. Claims 25-26 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Parthke in view of Hierholzer and further in view of Kahn et al (5,502,345).

Parkhe in view of Heirholzer discloses substantially the claimed invention, but does not disclose the thickness of the heater and resistivity range. Kahn discloses a ceramic actuator-heater with resistivity having two regions: one of a lower resistivity and one of the higher resistivity and thickness of each region (col. 3, lines 45-68). It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art to modify the invention of Parkhe in view of Hierholzer to include a resistivity and thickness as taught by Muguresh in order to process the wafer as a choice the would have been determined by the user having a desired result in mind.

Response to Arguments

8. Applicant's arguments with respect to claims 15-27 and 36-52 have been considered but are moot in view of the new ground(s) of rejection.

Application/Control Number: 09/998,801

Art Unit: 3742

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Leonid M. Fastovsky whose telephone number is 571-272-4778. The examiner can normally be reached on M-Th. 8.00 am -6.00 pm.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Robin Evans can be reached on 571-272-4777. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Leonid M Fastovsky

Page 5

Examiner Art Unit 3742

lmf

ROBIN EVANS
SUPERVISORY PATENT EXAMINER